South Australia's Environment Protection Authority

SUBJECTIVE ASSESSMENT

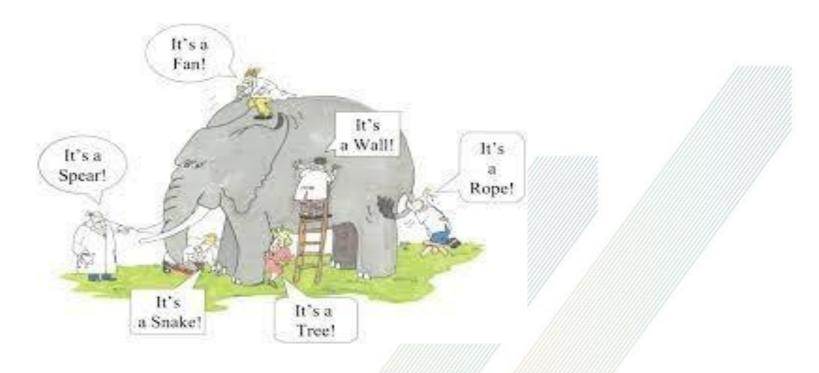
THURSDAY 25 MAY 2017 TONY WILLIAMS





Subjectivity

Based on or influenced by personal feelings, tastes or opinions





What the LNLC Act tells us

Regulation 4(b) we can consider

- Sensitivity of affected premises
- Land use of source and affected premises
- Was it avoidable
- Outside business hours to accommodate vehicle and pedestrian traffic
- Were all reasonable measures taken to prevent
- Development Act authorisation being complied with



Regulation 7

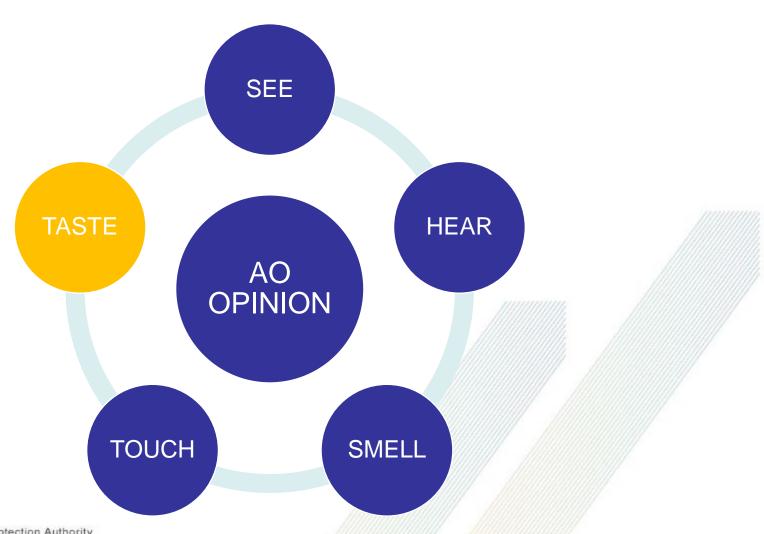
- For purposes of 21(d) testing, standards, techniques (including sensory)
- Officer can use own senses to form opinion

Section 50

 Court may accept AO opinion in the absence of proof to the contrary (reversal of onus onto accused)



Subjective Opinion



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Opinion on what

The nuisance per Section 17 and Schedule 1

1. Travelled from source to receiver

2. The level, nature and extent of nuisance constituted an unreasonable interference with enjoyment



How

- Place ourselves in the situation at the times it is occurring
- Replicate the complainants activity where possible
- What is the background sound/smell/dust etc
- What are the annoying characteristics
- What are other people experiencing

How



Once we have assessed the nuisance ask ourselves

Would a reasonable person tolerate the nuisance given the level, nature and extent?

• If the answer is no, then a local nuisance exists.